Bangladesh Dhaka heatwave risk assessment on 30 meters

Data Documentation

I. Dataset/atlas content features

i. Abstract

The data set uses the surface temperature index to evaluate the risk, uses night light data, population density, population over 65 and less than 5 years old, and population without self-care ability to evaluate exposure, uses NDVI, distance from hospital, distance from water body, distance from road, impervious layer area ratio, slum area ratio index to evaluate disaster prevention and mitigation capabilities. Comprehensive risk assessment is conducted through hazard, exposure, disaster prevention and mitigation capabilities, and dataset products are produced. The spatial range is Dhaka, Bangladesh, with a spatial resolution of 30 meters.

ii. Elements (content fields)

Table 1 Description of data element content

Data name	Item (field)	Field name in	Field measure	Field code	Remarks
		Chinese	unit	description	
Bangladesh	Value	孟加拉国达卡			
Dhaka		高温热浪灾害			
heatwave risk		风险十米尺度			
assessment on		评价			
30 meters					

iii. Temporal cover

2015.

iv. Spatial cover

Bangladesh Dhaka city.

II. Subject/industry scope of dataset/atlas

i. Subject scope

Earth science

ii. Industry scope

Disaster prevention and mitigation, ecological environment, climate change, tourism, social development

iii. Other classifications (optional)

III. Accuracy of dataset/atlas

i. Time frequency

ii. Spatial reference, accuracy, and granularity

Spatial reference: GCS WGS 1984

Accuracy: 1 time

Spatial resolution: 30m×30m

Granularity: pixel

IV. Dataset/atlas storage management

i. Data quantity

4.5 MB

ii. Type format

The data set is stored on hard disk, and the data structure type is raster data.

iii. Update management

Updated from time to time.

V. Quality control of the dataset/atlas

i. Production mode

It is calculated by the analysis model of meteorological data, basic geographic data, remote sensing data, statistical data and survey data.

ii. Data sources (condition selection)

The data of land surface temperature comes from Landsat, the data of population comes from the website of Dhaka Statistical Bureau and SEDAC, the data of road and hospital distribution comes from Openstreet, and the light at night comes from "Luojia No.1". The high temperature heat wave data are obtained by interpolation, calculation and production of NOAA daily meteorological station data.

iii. Methods of the data acquisition and processing (condition selection)

After statistical processing of daily meteorological station data, the research team formed grid data covering the whole study area through Kriging interpolation. The surface temperature data replace the high temperature heat wave intensity; Download statistical data from the website of Dhaka Bureau of statistics and spatialize it based on land use data; The distance from road, hospital and water was calculated by ArcGIS; After the night light data is downloaded from the website, its DN value is converted into the light index data.

VI. Sharing and usage method of the dataset/atlas

i. Sharing methods and restrictions

Fully shared

ii. Contact information of the sharing service (condition selection)

The service is as follows:

Name: Yang fei

Mailing address: A11 Datun Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing

Zip code: 100101

E-mail: yangfei@lreis.ac.cn

iii. Conditions and methods of usage

Use ArcGIS, ENVI and other software to open.

VII. Intellectual property rights of the dataset/atlas

i. Property rights (optional)

"Bangladesh Dhaka heatwave risk assessment on 30 meters dataset" owned by institute of geographic sciences and natural resources research, CAS.

ii. Reference method of the dataset/atlas

Bangladesh Dhaka heatwave risk assessment on 30 meters dataset. Disaster Risk Reduction Knowledge Service of International Knowledge Centre for Engineering Sciences and

Technology (IKCEST) under the Auspices of UNESCO,2021.05.28.

iii. Usage contacts of the datasets/atlas

Contact person Name: Yang fei

Mailing address: A11 Datun Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing

Zip code: 100101

E-mail: yangfei@lreis.ac.cn

VIII. Others (optional)

In addition to the above, other information must also be explained.

Data documentation author information							
Data documentation author	Fei Yang	Update time		2021.05.28			
Organization	Institute of geographic sciences and natural resources research, CAS.						
Contact information	E-mail						
Address	A11 Datun Road	l, Chaoyang	Postcode	100101			
	District, Beijing						
Telephone		E-mail	yangfei@lreis	.ac.cn			